

A forceps used for the surgical reduction of fractured facial bones

Abstract

The present invention relates to a forceps used for the surgical reduction of facial bones, characterised by the fact that it comprises two shaped branches diverging from opposite sides starting from a central elastic loop. Each branch develops on three Cartesian axis and has a first rectilinear section joined to a second section with 90° orientation, laying on the same plane that contains the loop and joined in turn with a 90° ending section, whose end is slightly bent towards the central loop.